

# Module Description, available in: EN

# Analysis of Sequential Data

#### **General Information**

**Number of ECTS Credits** 

3

Module code

TSM\_AnSeqDa

Valid for academic year

2020-21

Last modification

2018-10-17

Coordinator of the module

Giorgio Corani (SUPSI, giorgio@idsia.ch)

Explanations regarding the language definitions for each location:

- Instruction is given in the language defined below for each location/each time the module is held.
  - Documentation is available in the languages defined below. Where documents are in several languages, the percentage distribution is shown (100% = all the documentation).
  - The examination is available 100% in the languages shown for each location/each time it is held.

	Lausanne			Lugano	Zurich		
Instruction					<b>X</b> E 100%		
Documentation					<b>X</b> E 100%		
Examination					<b>X</b> E 100%		

# **Module Category**

TSM Technical scientific module

## Lessons

2 lecture periods and 1 tutorial period per week

# **Entry level competences**

Prerequisites, previous knowledge

Basic knowledge in statistics.

Programming with scripting languages.

## Brief course description of module objectives and content

Many data sets are temporal by nature. The course shows how to analyze time series of different domains and how to develop statistical models based on the data, in order to forecast future values or classify the time series into predefined categories. A probabilistic approach is emphasized, i.e. it is also discussed how to compute the uncertainty of the forecast which has been made.

The course adopts a practical approach: theoretical concepts are illustrated and applied in specific case studies. Students will also learn to identify the tools best suited for a given task.

The first part of the course presents techniques for analysis of time series. It starts from visualization techniques; then it shows techniques for characterizing trend and seasonality; eventually it present structured statistical approaches based on exponential smoothing and arima techniques. Several examples referring to real data sets are shown. The lab of this part are done using R.

In the second part of the course students learn how to analyze digital signals in different domains, i.e. time and spectral domain; they learn how to extract meaningful features from digital signals suitable for classification. Finally, they learn how to set up and learn statistical models, such as HMMs or DNNs, for recognizing and classifying time series. The lab of this part are done using Matlab.

## Aims, content, methods

# Learning objectives and acquired competencies

- Students know how to visualize time series and how to characterize their main features.
- Students know how to evaluate forecast accuracy.
- · Students know how to model trends, seasonalities and non-stationarities adopting exponential smoothing and ARIMA models.
- · Students know how to perform model estimation, model selection and probabilistic prediction with these models.
- Students know different methods to analyse digital signals in different domains
- · Students know how to extract important features used in speech processing
- Students learn to apply Bayes rule for classifying digital signals.
- Students can apply modern deep learning approaches to classify digital signals

#### Contents of module with emphasis on teaching content

Part 1: Forecasting sequential data (7 weeks)

- Time series graphics.
- · Main features of time series.
- · Assessment of the predictions.
- Exponential smoothing
- · ARIMA models

Practical case studies in R.

Part 2: Analysis and classification of digital signals (7 weeks)

- · Analysis of digital signals in different domains (1 week)
- Feature extraction (1 week)
- Modelling, classification & recognition of digital signals (5 weeks)
  - Classic Approaches: Dynamic Time Warping, Vector Quantization
  - Statistical modelling: Hidden Markov Models
  - Deep Learning Approaches

Practical case studies in Matlab.

#### Teaching and learning methods

- · Ex cathedra
- · Self study of literature / publications
- · Practical exercises with computer

# Literature

Slides will be available covering the topics of the course.

In addition, recommended books are:

## For forecasting:

R. Hyndman and G. Athanasopoulos., Forecasting: Principles and Practice, Springer, 2018 (online free textbook at https://otexts.org/fpp2/)

For digital signal processing:

- X. Huang, A. Acero, H.-W. Hon: Spoken Language Processing, Prentice Hall, 2001, ISBN 0-13-22616-5
- L. R. Rabiner und B.-H. Juang, Fundamentals of Speech Recognition. Prentice Hall, 1993.

#### **Assessment**

## **Certification requirements**

Module uses certification requirements

## Certification requirements for final examinations (conditions for attestation)

The students will be required to do a small project and some homework exercises; this will determine up to 20% of the final grade.

# Basic principle for exams

As a rule, all the standard final exams for modules and also all resit exams are to be in written form

# Standard final exam for a module and written resit exam

Kind of exam

written

**Duration of exam** 

120 minutes

Permissible aids

Aids permitted as specified below:

Permissible electronic aids

Scientific calculator

Other permissible aids

Handwritten summary pages

# Special case: Resit exam as oral exam

Kind of exam

oral

Duration of exam

30 minutes

Permissible aids

No aids permitted