Module Description

Machine Learning

General Information	n							
Number of ECTS Credits								
3								
Module code								
TSM_MachLe								
Responsible of module								
Dr. Thilo Stadelmann, ZHAW								
Language Explanations regarding the language definitions for each location:								
 Instruction is given in the language defined below for each location/each time the module is held. Documentation is available in the languages defined below. Where documents are in several languages, the percentage distribution is shown (100% = all the documentation). The examination is available 100% in the languages shown for each location/each time it is held. 								
	Berne	Lausanne			Lugano	Zurich		
Instruction	□ E 100%	□ E 100%		☑ F 100%	□ E 100%	☑ E 100%		□ D 100%
Documentation	□ E 100%	□ E 100%	☑ E 100%	□ F %	□ E 100%	☑ E 100%	□ E %	□ D %
Examination	□ E 100%	□ E 100%	☑ E 100%	☑ F 100%	□ E 100%	☑ E 100%	□ E 100%	□ D 100%
Module category								
□ FTP Fundamental theoretical principles								
☐ TSM Technical/scientific specialization module								
□ CM Context module								
Lessons 2 lecture periods and 1 tutorial period per usely								
2 lecture periods and 1 tutorial period per week								

Entry level competencies

Prerequisites, previous knowledge

- Math: basic calculus / linear algebra / probability calculus (e.g., derivatives, matrix multiplication, normal distribution, Bayes' theorem)
- Statistics: basic descriptive statistics (e.g., mean, variance, co-variance, histograms, box plots)
- Programming: good command of any structured programming language (e.g., Python, Matlab, R, Java, C, C++)
- Analytics: basic data analysis methods (data pre-processing, decision trees, k-means clustering, linear & logistic regression)

Brief course description of module objectives and content

Machine learning (ML) emerged out of artificial intelligence and computer science as the academic discipline concerned with "giving computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed" (A. Samuel, 1959). Today, it is the methodological driver behind the mega-trends of big data and data science. ML experts are highly sought after in industry and academia alike.

This course builds upon basic knowledge in math, programming and analytics/statistics as is typically gained in respective undergraduate courses of diverse engineering disciplines. From there, it teaches the foundations of modern machine learning techniques in a way that focuses on practical applicability to real-world problems. The complete process of building a learning

- formulating the task at hand as a learning problem;
- extracting useful features from the available data;
- choosing and parameterizing a suitable learning algorithm.

Covered topics include cross-cutting concerns like ML system design and debugging (how to get intuition into learned models and results) as well as feature engineering; covered algorithms include (amongst others) Support Vector Machines (SVM) and ensemble methods.

Aims, content, methods

Learning objectives and acquired competencies



- Students know the background and taxonomy of machine learning methods
- On this basis, they formulate given problems as learning tasks and select a proper learning method
- Students are able to convert a data set into a proper feature set fitting for a task at hand
- They evaluate the chosen approach in a structured way using proper design of experiment
- Students know how to select models, and "debug" features and learning algorithms if results do not fit expectations
- Students are able to leverage on the evaluation framework to tune the parameters of a given system and optimize its
 performances
- Students have seen examples of different data sources / problem types and are able to acquire additional expert knowledge from the scientific literature

Contents of module with emphasis on teaching content

- Introduction (2 weeks): Convergence for participants with different backgrounds
- Supervised learning (7 weeks): Learn from labeled data

Cross-cutting topics: Feature engineering; ensemble learning; debugging ML systems Algorithms: e.g. SVM, ensemble learning, graphical models (Bayesian networks)

• Unsupervised learning (3 weeks): Learning without labels

Algorithms: e.g., dimensionality reduction, anomaly detection, archetypal analysis

• Special chapters (2 weeks):

Algorithms: e.g., reinforcement learning, recommender systems, hidden Markov / Gaussian mixture models

Teaching and learning methods

Classroom teaching; programming exercises (e.g., in Python 3)

Literature

- T. Mitchell, "Machine Learning", 1997
- C. M. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", 2006
- G. James et al., "An Introduction to Statistical Learning", 2014
- K. Murphy, "Machine Learning A Probabilistic Perspective", 2012

Assessment

Certification requirements for final examinations (conditions for attestation)

None (completion of labs and attendance of lectures strongly encouraged)

Basic principle for exams:

All the standard final exams for modules are written exams.

The repetition exams can be either written or oral.

Standard final exam for a module and written repetition exam

Kind of Exam written

Duration of exam 120 minutes

Permissible aids

No aids

Permissible aids:

Electronical aids: none

Hardcopy form: none

1 A4 page (front and back) of handwritten notes (no book, no slides, no further notes)

Special case: Repetition exam as an oral exam

If an oral exam is set (only possible for ≤ 4 students), the following applies:

Kind of Exam oral

Duration of exam 30 minutes
Permissible aids No aids